

H University of **New Hampshire**

Introduction

- Replacement of used components for Hypertherm plasma cutters
- Three stages of automation including: shield cap unthreading/rethreading, used cartridge deinstallation, and new cartridge installation
- A new stationary Fork design created for cartridge install/deinstall
- Purchased a prebuilt actuator and designed grippers to remove and install the shield cap from torch
- Given the XPR 300 plasma cutter torch to test on
- Fully Automated Process



Design Considerations

- Changed stationary fork design several times in order to decrease deflection & strength. This involved changing the design from three to five pieces
- Created rubber pads on grippers to increase friction between the grippers and shield cap
- Created stationary fork design to optimize production costs/material
- All designs were based off complexity, cost, speed, ease of manufacturing, safety and accuracy



Testing

- Tested the different stationary forks for deflection
- Secured stationary fork and rotating actuator to testing table Created pneumatic system involving switches to control actuator speed and rotation
- Controlled robot arm via controller to make precise movements and actions, in real time and with coded moves
- Both sides of the design were tested by hand, with manual robot control and coded robot control
- Carbon fiber ABS



Hypertherm Plasma Torch Automatic Cartridge Changer Jeremy Rescott Samuel Twombly Mechanical Engineering, University of New Hampshire, Durham, NH

Mounted Fork Cartridge Removal

Fork Design Options







- Original 1-piece design
- Optimized 3-piece design
- 0.25" and 0.5" machined Aluminium

Gripping Fixture For Holding and Unscrewing Shield Cap

- Redesigned from first semester's passive design
- Steel four finger gripping arms attached to a pneumatic actuator
- Actuator performs both gripping and rotating actions
- Pneumatics controlled manually
- Rough cut with riveted connection
- Tested with and without rubber padding
- Achieves the necessary 24 in-lb of torque and
- Rotates 180 degrees of the needed 90 degrees
- Applies 32 in-lb of gripping force
- Experienced misalignment during take off
- Hold and maintain cap location
- Tested and approved for 3D printing
- Holding the vertical and slanted portions of the cap

Equipment For Testing (Pneumatics, Electronics, Gauges)



12V DC power supply with 2-way switches



115 Psi air supply and pressure gauge



SolidWorks Simulations



Factor of Safety Deflection • A force of 12.7 lbs was applied to the top plate • Needed a minimum F.O.S. of 2 • Needed the deflection to be close to 0 mm

Initially Tested Grippers:



Initial Solidworks Gripper Modeling



Prototype Metal Gripper



Bolted fixture mounting & 5 way-2 position Air



SMC-MHRQ 25 Actuator



0.005" Increment Dial Gauge





Redesigns

Minimized deflection (max = 0.0007mm) • Possibility for a 1-piece design • Tested a new design without a back wall to minimize the amount of material used Future designs are possible with smaller bolts and thinner Aluminum or Steel



Fork with Walls and no Back Plate



Fork with Walls Deflection Simulation

- **Redesigned Grippers:**
- Bolted connections • Increased contact • Rubber finger surface
- Exact symmetry and fit
- Easily adaptable
- Decreased size
- No cap to bolt contact
- Quick and consistent application



3D Printed Models



Conclusions

Redesigns drastically reduced all deflections and

- misalignments allowing for repetitive use
- Reinstate detents or over semi-circle contact area for the fork could secure the cap and prevent forward tilting
- Thinner rubber surface could make cleaner contact from the grippers to the cap

This modular prototype could be adapted for multiple and varying cartridge applications

The Road Ahead

- Manufacturing the final aluminium fork Model the fork with exclusively side walls Adjust tolerancing
- Specify all high temperature or wear materials Make in-depth design recommendations for future utilization

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