# CPBR PIPELINE TRESTLE DESIGN

Team 14: TRED Engineering April 24, 2020

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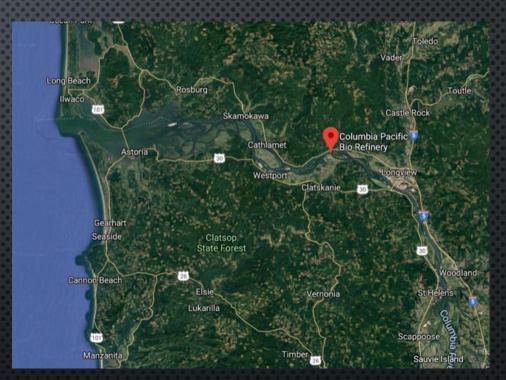
PROJECT SPONSOR: ZACK JENKINS, P.E., COLLINS ENGINEERS

FACULTY ADVISOR: DR. ROBERT HENRY, P.E.



#### BACKGROUND

- LOCATION: COLUMBIA PACIFIC BIO REFINERY, CLATSKANIE, OREGON
- OPENED IN 2008:
  - ETHANOL PRODUCTION
- IN 2012 OIL DISTRIBUTION BEGAN
- SOLD IN 2013 TO GLOBAL PARTNERS LP
- CURRENT FUNCTION: PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION OF ETHANOL
- WANT TO DISTRIBUTE BOTH ETHANOL AND CRUDE OIL



Google Earth, earth.google.com/web/.

#### PURPOSE

- DESIGN PIPELINE TRESTLE
  - Conditions on site
  - DUAL PRODUCT LOADING
  - LARGER SHIPS
- FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS OF THE PROPOSED DESIGN



Google Earth, earth.google.com/web/.

#### PROJECT SCOPE

- OBTAIN BACKGROUND INFORMATION
- Design Pipeline Trestle
- DEVELOP NECESSARY DESIGN LOADS
  - MODEL DYNAMIC LOADS AS PSEUDO STATIC LOADS
- Address foundation concerns associated with liquefaction in deep foundations
- EVALUATE ALTERNATIVE DESIGN
- FEASIBILITY ANALYSIS FOR DESIGN
- Maintain a record of project communications
- DEVELOP A SCHEDULE

#### EXISTING CONDITIONS

- EXISTING PIPER AND PIPELINE STILL IN PLACE
- RECENT UPGRADES TO PIER FOR LARGER SHIPS
- POTENTIAL FOR SEISMIC EVENTS
- LOCATION OF PIPELINE
  - LOADING POINTS SPECIFIED ALONG PIER
  - SPECIFIC STARTING POINT



#### FACTORS TO BE CONSIDERED

- SEISMIC ACTIVITY
  - PILE FOUNDATIONS
  - SOIL LIQUEFICATION
  - SETTLEMENT
- DISTRIBUTION CONDITIONS
  - PIPE CAPACITIES
  - Two product distribution
- ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS:
  - THERMAL EXPANSION



https://www.indiamart.com/shreeshaktiengineering/pipe-roller-and-rotators.html

#### ALTERNATIVE TRESTLE DESIGNS

- How pipeline will rest on the structure
  - CATENARY PIPE HANGING BELOW
  - TRADITIONAL TRESTLE RESTING ON
- PILES PART OF TRESTLE
- Materials
  - TIMBER
  - FIBERGLASS
  - STEEL



https://www.bridgemeister.com/imgpoa/poctnewhavenp



https://c8.alamy.com/comp/BBK3DE/a-pipeline-across-the-canadian-river-for-the-distribution-of-natural-BBK3DE.jpg

#### CONFIGURATION OF PROPOSED PIPELINE

#### ALLOWING FOR THE EASIEST CONSTRUCTION

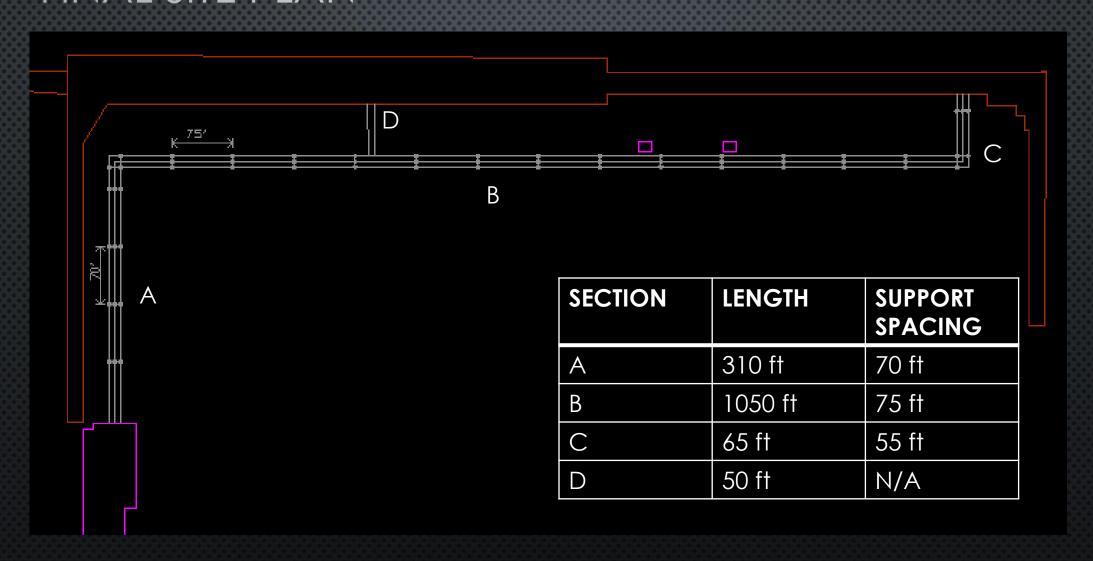
- ON EXISTING PIER
- New trestle support system
  - ON WATER LINE
    - FOLLOWING PIER (IN YELLOW)
  - ON LAND LINE (ORANGE)
- WATER LINE CONFIGURATION SELECTED



Google Earth, earth.google.com/web/.

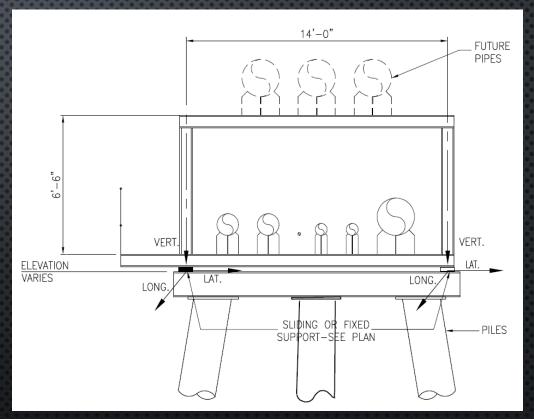
Green = Recent Upgrades Red = Loading points

#### FINAL SITE PLAN



#### LOADING CONSIDERATIONS

- 5 DIFFERENT LOADING POINTS DEPENDING ON POSITION
- WORST LOAD CASES FOUND
  - ASCE 7-10
  - SEISMIC DESIGN OF PIERS AND WHARVES ASCE 61-14
- PIPE CONTENT AS A LOAD



Pipeline cross section- Collins Engineers -Dwg no.52401

### HAZARD LEVEL DEFINITIONS

Table 1: ASCE 61-14 SEISMIC HAZARD LEVEL DEFINITIONS		
Seismic Hazard Level in Accordance with ASCE 61-14	Definition of Seismic Hazard Level (High Design Classification)	Performance Level (High Design Classification)
Operating Level Earthquake (OLE)	Defined as an event with a 50% probability of exceedance within a 50-year period (72-year recurrence interval)	Minimal Damage
Contingency Level Earthquake (CLE)	Defined as an event with a 10% probability of exceedance within a 50-year period (475-year recurrence interval)	Controlled and Repairable Damage
Design Earthquake (DE)	Defined as <sup>2</sup> /3 of the Maximum Considered Earthquake (MCE) in accordance with ASCE 7-05. The MCE is based on an event with a 2% probability of exceedance within a 50-year period (2,475-year recurrence interval)	Life Safety

#### SOIL CONDITIONS

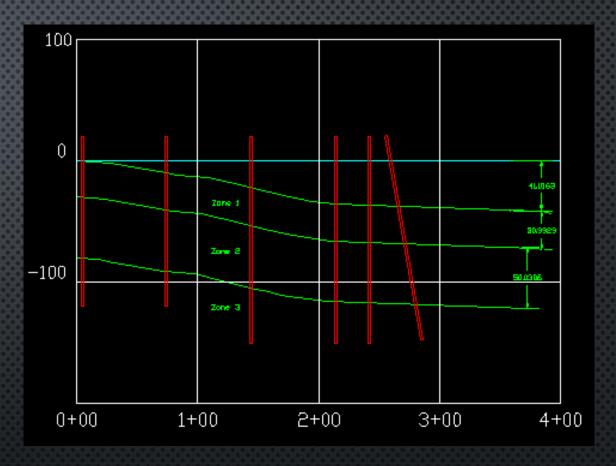
- Soils on the site are influenced by liquefaction
- THREE MAIN ZONES OF SOIL
  - Zone 1: Loose to medium sand. Extends 30 feet below mudline (river bed)
  - Zone 2: Medium dense sand trace silt. Extends from 30feet to 80 feet below mudline
  - Zone 3: Medium dense to dense sand. Extends 80 feet and deeper below mudline

#### IMPACTS OF LIQUEFACTION

- NO ZONE IS SUSCEPTIBLE TO LIQUEFACTION AT OLE HAZARD LEVEL.
- ZONE 3 IS NON-LIQUEFIABLE AT ALL HAZARD LEVELS
- SOILS IN ZONE 1 AND 2 POTENTIALLY LIQUEFIABLE AT CLE AND DE HAZARD LEVELS
- LATERAL SPREADING:
  - HIGH POTENTIAL FOR LATERAL SPREADING IN ZONE 1
- SEISMICALLY INDUCED SETTLEMENT:
  - POTENTIAL FOR SETTLEMENT IN ZONES 1 AND 2

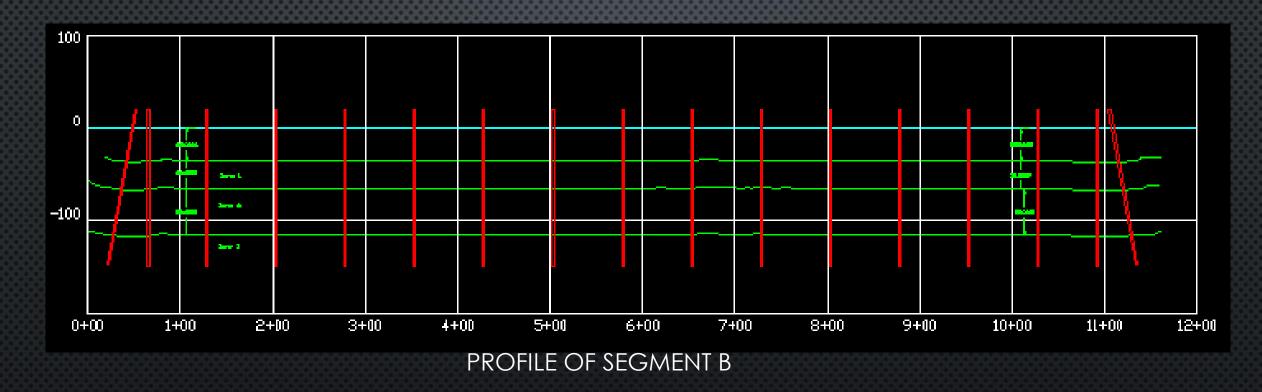
#### FOUNDATION DESIGN

- DEEP PILE FOUNDATION
  - 24-INCH OPEN ENDED STEEL PIPE PILES
  - 120 FEET TO 170 FEET LONG
  - Driven into non-liquefiable soil zone
  - Bearing piles designed for cle hazard level
  - USE OF VERTICAL AND BATTER PILES



PROFILE OF SEGMENT A

#### FOUNDATION DESIGN

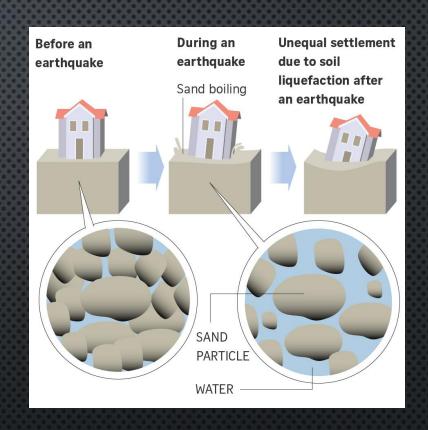


#### PROJECT COST

- PROJECT BUDGET: \$500/sq.ft.
- ESTIMATED BUDGET: \$10 MILLION

#### CHALLENGES ENCOUNTERED

- Understanding appropriate Load Combinations
- COMPREHENSION OF BATTER PILES
- Understanding full geotechnical aspects
  - SEISMIC IMPACTS ON FOUNDATION AND STRUCTURAL DESIGN



https://www.straitstimes.com/

#### DELIVERABLES

- APRIL 24TH: PRESENTATION
- MAY 8TH: FINAL REPORT
- DATE TBD: ZOOM CALL FOR QUESTIONS

## THANK YOU